

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 26, 1882.

RELIABLE INTELLIGENCE from all quarters of the State, and from the man most the effect that Mr. Massey will be elected Congressman at large by a large majority, and that that majority will be composed of all those democrats in the State who have never left their party, of those who left it temporarily on the debt question, and of such white republicans as can not so much as see even good policy in surrendering their long and conscientiously entertained political principles at the command of a man who, until he found it would pay to be otherwise was their most proscriptive opponent, for no other purpose than to enable him to complete his bargain with an accidental President by which the latter may obtain the vote of Virginia at the next national republican convention in exchange for the power given the former to remove all the republican office holders in the State and give their places to his followers. Mr. Massey will be elected, and the only way his majority can be reduced is the opposition of such sway backed debt payers as prefer a man who says he wants to root out debt-payers to one who rightly thinks the Virginia debt has nothing to do with national politics and who is sick of the crimes that have been perpetrated in the name of readjustment.

GENERAL MAHONE'S Washington organ should not allow itself to be so egregiously deceived and so ridiculously imposed upon as it is by its volunteer Washington correspondents. Upon the utterly untenable authority of one of those correspondents it vesterday felicitated its readers upon a Washington dispatch to the effect that General Mahone, by his influence with the republican Senators, had succeeded in having the tax on tobacco reduced to eight cents a pound. The facts in the case are that the amendment reducing the tax to eight cents was not only defeated, but that the only ropublican votes it received were those of Senator Cameron, the chief agent through whom the General's bargain with the republicans was consummated, Mr. Kellogg, the last but not the least unsavory of the carpetbaggers, and the General himself. The amendment of Mr. Johnston, reducing will also probably adopt it. By this bill over one hundred thousand dollars will be measure, was adopted, and though its ob ject was to benefit Virginia, Gen. Mahone voted against it, and his vote is so recorded.

Mr. Massey Postpone: HIS VISIT HERE. It will undoubtedly be a source of great disappointment to the citizens of Alexandria to learn that Mr. Massey has been compelled to cancel his appointment to speak here tomorrow. The advice of friends and supportimperative that he should at once proceed items of appropriation.

The fact that two U. S. District Attorneys in thither and enter into the contest where the Virginia, Messrs, Lewis and Wise, officers appointmain battle is to be fought. Later on in the canvass he promises to be with and speak to

THE REPUBLICANS in the U. S. House of Representatives yesterday not only defeated the proposition to remove the prohibitory tariff on materials used in the construction of vessels engaged in the home trade, but postponed till next session the proposition to admit free of duty materials used in the construction of vessels engaged in the foreign trade. And yet they profess to legislate in the interests of the whole American people.

HON. GEORGE D. WISE announces himself a candidate for re-election to Congress from the 3d district. Mr. Wise has made a faithful representative, and his ability is recognized and appreciated. The district could ill afford to lose his services, and we feel sure he will receive the heartyendorsement of his constituents.

SENATOR JONES, of Nevada, republican, says "a political battle cannot be fought on reminiscences. That's epigrammatic, but that it is not true is as plain as the nose on the Senator's face, for all the political battles in which his party has been engaged for the last seventeen years, have been fought on the reminiscences of the civil war.

PENNSYLVANIA AND New York will, it is now generally believed, be added to the list of democratic States next fall. There are a few men, who are so ultra democratic that they are attempting to reduce the value of these gains by effecting the loss of Virginia, but they are so few that their attempt will result in signal failure.

THE BOSTON Herald, republican, says if the republicans are to be led by Keifer, Robeson and Hubbell, there ought to be a new party. The conscientious white republicans in Virginia add Mahone to the list and then say ditto.

NEWS OF THE DAY

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

Engineer Melville and two sailors of the Jeannette expedition left Tomask yesterday for St. Petersburg, en route for home

Whittaker has taken to lecturing. He discoursed in Baltimore last night on his expulsion from the United States Military Academy at West Point.

The Pennsylvania democratic State committee met at Harrisburg yesterday. There was a general expression of confidence in a have caused her derangement. democratic victory at the November elec-

A cable dispatch from London says the foreign office confirms the report of the arrest at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, of one of the assassins of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Thomas Henry Burke.

FROM WASHINGTON

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26, 1882.-Mr. Massey, the anti-Mahone candidate for Congressman-at-large in Virginia, was at the Capitol this morning, and had interviews with some of the leading men among the Virginia democratic delegation in Congress. He has been compelled to break his engagement for Alexandria to-morrow night in order that he may go to Southwest Vircampaign. Mr. Massey speaks very hopefully of his prospects.

It is understood that General Mahone has had a list prepared of all the Government | ty, W. Va. employees here who hail from Virginia, with the intention of removing those whose retention will not be effectively conducive to his cause. Among such are Miss Harrison, grand daughter of Mrs. Shacklett, of Fauquier county, and Miss McCloud, of one of directly interested, and who ought therefore the Valley counties, who have already to be well informed about the matter, is to been removed. The former was appointed through the influence of General Speer, who knew that her people were loyal during the war, and it was upon her salary that she and her grandmother depended solely

for their support.
Mr. Lewis Mosby, Vice-Consul at Hong Kong, and cousin of Col. Mosby, Cousul at that port, has resigned on account of il

health, and is now on his way home. In the Senate to-day Mr. VanWyck made another exhibition of his independence by introducing a sarcastic resolution in regard to the proceedings of the tariff commission. and to recent decisions of the Attorney General in reference to political assessments.

In the Senate to-day on the order of business, Mr. Beck said Mr. Morrill, the patron of the internal revenue bill, had killed that bill and preached its funeral sermon. In this opinion Mr. Voorhees agreed, and took occasion to say that he would vote for a proper bill, at the proper time, even if it did exempt the banks from taxation.

The House to-day refused to agree to that section of the conference report on the General deficiency bill paying Senator's mileage for the extra session. It also refused to agree to the section of the conference report on the Legislative bill relating to the Surgeon General's office.

It is rumored that the opposition to the re-election of Mr. Speaker Keifer in his own party is assisted by Gov. Foster who thinks that if Mr. Keifer is kept at home that gentleman's potentiality as a probable candidate for the Senate, the position he, Foster heavy guns are placed in position an atwants, will be greatly lessened.

Ex-Governor Dingly, of Maine, was before the House committee on commerce today and made an argument in favor of Perry Belmont's resolution for devising some abi Pacha have retired about 1,000 yards. means for benefitting American shipping in-

The recent removal of some of the clerks from the office of the U.S. District Attorney of New York is creating some talk here. Among those removed are a nephew of Mr. Conkling, a relative of ex-Postmaster General James, and the only appointment ex-Att'y. Gen. MacVeagh made. The reason assigned for the removals is that the star route expenses are so heavy that reductions have to be made in other quarters. It is also said that District Attorney Woolford, of New York, is to be given another place and that Mr. Bliss wants to fill the vacancy, and that the removals referred to are but preliminary steps towards an attainable end.

The Senate yesterday agreed to the conference report on the river and harbor bill. and the House to-day reconsidered its yesterday's action in rejecting that report, and sure of the powers, and has consented to

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs agreed to-day to report favorably the amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill, Commander DeLong and his companions from Siberia to this country. The committee also agreed to move the recommittal of tee on appropriations, with instructions to

by the Government to prosecute law breakers, should deliberately break the laws of their own state by fighting duels, and receive not the least censure, but rather the approval therefor, of the appointing powers, strikes the old time, not the Mahone, republicans here as rather singular. They also say that as Attorney General Brewster has decided that Congressmen are not officers of the U.S. Government, they must be state officers, and that as there is a law in Virginia that prohibits duelists from holding state offices, Mr. Wise may as well withdraw from the campaign at once, and let Mr. Massey defent somebody else.
Jno. M. Goodloe, Craigsville, Augusta co., and Mrs. J. M. Holland, Orlean, Fauquier co., Va. were commissioned postmasters to day.

BRAVERY OF THE EGYPTIANS,-The Lon-

don Daily News says: "The truth is the Egyptians fought much better than was at all expected. They have face throughout a long day the most tremendous artillery fire ever opened in any warfare. Nor can it be said that ignorance made them bold, for the first few rounds from our heavy guns produced effects positively frightful to witness even from a point of safety, while to have stood under such avalanches of iron without flinching proves the Egyptians to have some good stuff among them. If the Egyptians oppose our troops with the same gallantry with which they fought the four last guns, our soldiers will have their work cut out for them before they reach Cairo. With the tremendous tire of four ironclads concentrated upon them, with the forts crumbling in ruins among them, their gunners sent shot after shot back through the storm of shell and bullets for more than an hour. Sir Beauchamp Seymour himself expressed his sense of rewere silenced, and the unequal and heroic contest at an end.

TRYING TO STRANGLE HERSELF WITH HER HAIR .- Mary McGee, a good-looking young woman, confined in the Hudson county (N. Y.) jail on Jersey City Heights, awaiting an examination by the county physician as to her sanity, was found hanging one night last week to a bar of her cell door, but was cut down in time to save her life. After she had been resussitated, and as soon as she was left alone in the cell she made another attempt to kill herself. She let down her long hair, and, after braiding it, twisted it around her neck and tried to strangle herself. She was again prevented from carrying out her purpose, and was placed in a strait-jacket. She lived in Harson, and previous to her incarceration attempted to throw herself from the Morris of health is a fine disposition. It is more es- once that it will regulate the bowels, and give and Essex railroad bridge in the Passaic river. Disappoinment in love is said to

Financial.

NEW YORK, July 26 .- The stock market opened weak and hall be cent lower than at yes-terday's close. In the early trade a further decline of 1841 2 per cent took place after which the market became strong and prices sold up 148

VIRGINIA NEWS A readjuster paper is to be started in

Lynchburg. The ladies of the Memorial Association of Manassas realized about \$400 by their enterment last Friday.

It appears that from Mr. Massey's appointments that there will be no joint can-vass between him and Captain Wise, at least in the early part of the campaign.

Mr. Hugh Stewart, of Augusta county, has returned to his home after a six months' ginia, but he will speak there later in the visit to England, of which country he is a native. While abroad he contracted to furnish farms for one hundred English families either in Virginia or Texas. He also sold for \$52,000 a tract of land in Webster coun-

The office of the Memorial Hide and Leather Company in Richmond was entered by thieves yesterday who succeeded in stealing \$1,500 from the coat of Mr. Lewis M. Chalkley (a young man employed in the establishment) which was hanging up in the office. Mr. Chalkley stated that he had been saving the money for lifteen years, and it was all he possessed

Governor Cameron has issued an order respiting for one week Walter H. Yeatts, who was to have been hanged at Chatham, Pittsylvania county, on Friday next, for the murder of Prestley E. Adkison. This action is taken by the governor in order that he may have time to examine the papers submitted by the father and counselof the condemned man, which embrace letters and evidence not introduced at the trial, and which, it is claimed, would cause a different

The negroes of Petersburg, including men and women, held a mass meeting last night, and after being harangued, resolved to keep their children out of the public schools in that city so long as white teachers remain in them, and requesting the colored ministry throughout the city to instill into the minds of their congregations the necessary step with all their power and at all times practicable, that their purpose may be better effectuated. After the adoption of the resolutions a committee was appointed to look after the future education of negro children of the city.

From Egypt.

The British in front of Ramleh are being reinforced with two 9 pounderguns and two Gatling guns. Great difficulty was experienced in moving the guns, without which it is impossible to assume the offensive to heavy guns are placed in position an atcha. Gunners and guns from the fleet have been sent to the front. The outposts of Arand the British have advanced about 500

The Khedive has issued a proclamation dismissing Arabi Pacha from the ministry and appointing Omar Lufti, formerly governor of Alexandria, minister of war and ma-

Trustworthy accounts state that Arabi Pacha's cavalry are well armed. The military workshops at Cairo are fully employed. Arabi has imprisoned several Sheikhs and Bedouins for refusing to obey him.

Arabi is reported to have gone to Cairo. The British House of Commons has granted the credit asked for by Mr Gladstone for the Egyptian expedition, and the Queen has called out the reserves.

The French Senate has granted a credit to protect the Suez Canal. The Sultan has at last yielded to the pres-

Severe on Houk. John B. Brownlow, son of the late parson, and a postoffice clerk at Washington, somemaking an appropriation of \$25,000 for the time ago received from Mr. Leonidas Casar purpose of removing the bodies of Lieut. Houk a brief note threatening him if he did not cease his interference with Houk's scheme for securing a renomination in the await the process of law. the naval appropriation bill to the Commit- | Second Congressional District of Tennessee he would see if he could not bring some offistrike out all the features of general legisla- cial pressure to bear in order to send Browners, and the call from the Southwest make it tion and report a bill confined strictly to low home to work for a living. Mr. Brownlow has answered this threat in an open letter printed in the New York Herald in which he makes a severe attack upon Houk, intiminating that he is not infrequently picked up out of the gutter by the police of Washington while drunk, and that in one session of Congress he was absent one hundred and twenty-seven roll calls, owing to his intemperance. He also declares that Mr. Houk has been levying assessments on Tennessee office holders in Washington to raise money, not to assist him in a campaign against a Democrat, but to help him in a contest to secure the Republican nomination over Mr. Rule, his present opponent. Brownlow is very bitter, and concludes his letter with a public apology for having supported Houk four years ago, which he says he did because he was too strong a partisan to do otherwise, though when he put his ballot in with one hand he had to hold his nose with the other, and he declares he would be well earned the honor of being the first to politically disfranchised forever before he would repeat the performance.

> IS THERE WATER ON THE MOON?-In a recent communication, Mr. Helmuth Dueberg, of Berlin, presents a new theory of the moon, and argues the possibility of its being inhabited on the further side.

> It is well known that the moon always presents the same face to the earth. Because this side of the moon is an airless and waterless desert, we are not justified, Mr. Dueberg thinks, in assuming that the other side is like it.

Since the moon does not revolve so as to change the side presented to the earth, and since the attraction of the earth for the moon is very great, the heavier side, if there is any, must be turned this way. Supposing the moon to possess air and water, these lightlief when at last it was evident that the guns | er and more fluent elements, other composition would of necessity lie on the further

In the absence of any centrifugal force due to relation on her own axis, the only contrifugal force acting upon the moon must be that resulting from the moon's motion round the earth. This would tend still more to throw the moon's air and water to the "out" side with respect to the earth. For a practical illustration of this view, Mr. Dueberg suggests a ball swinging in a circle by means of a cord. The ball like the moon, will always turn the same side to the centre of revolution; and if it be dipped in any liquid, the liquid will be rapidly accumlated on the opposite or outer side. Hence the possibility, of water, air and life on the moon, around the shores of a central lunar sea, on the side always turned away from us.

ONE OF THE ESSENTIALS.—The best part sential than talent. Nothing will supply the want of sunshine to peaches, and to make knowledge valuable, you must have the cheerfulness of wisdom. Whenever you are sincerely pleased; you are nourished. The joy of the spirits indicates its strength, All healthy things are sweet tempered. is observed that a depression of spirits de-

A Strange Vessel.

An item in the GAZETTE a day or two ago mentioned the fact of a "steam schooner" passing up the river. The following description of her by a correspondent may not prove uninteresting:

a pier in Georgetown. She came up the river the other day loaded with ice. The tugboat captains are flocking about her and eyeing her with suspicion. When her captain isn't looking they shake their fists at her. This strange craft and others which to examine it. are sure to follow her will in time do a great deal towards breaking up the business of the tugboats. It was Thursday of last week when a three-masted schooner was reported coming up the river. Business for tugs isn't very brisk at best on the Potomac, and tugs from Washington and Alexaudria started down the river to intercept her. They found her. Not a stitch of canvas was spread. As they steamed up she was seen sion and to facilitate a probable adjournto be moving steadily along. In fact, the ment in the course of a few days, tugmen, when they had got their eyes open Mr. Van Wyck offered the were surprised to see that they had to clap on more steam to prevent her runnning away from them. They followed along in her wake in a respectful sort of way. They couldn't make her out. She was evidently a sailing vessel, for she had three masts and plenty of room for a great stretch of canyass but it was all furled. It was evident that question whether the gentlemen so invited she did not depend on the wind. There must be steam hidden away somewhere, but where was it? sign of a smoke-stack was to be seen, the laudable desire to protect itself from Not a speck of smoke dotted the sky. And yet this vessel, loaded down with ice, shook off the tugs and went on her way without their assistance. When the vessel reached Georgetown a closer inspection was made, route prosecutions, and can fully satisfy the The tugmen had come to the conclusion long ere this that the stranger was a steamer and | Congress are not officers of the Government sailing vessel combined. At Georgetown and as to the legality of political assess they found out all about it. The mizzenmast, unlike the other two masts, was black. It was made of iron and it was hollow. mining the above important and intricate que This was the smokestack. Down in the hold was a little propeller engine. She burned hard coal, and not enough to make any smoke. Here was the motive power. The trade and revenue either by stringent oath tugmen didn't like it. They saw in it a plot or other pains and penalties. to destroy their business and have been talking over the steamerschooner ever since

she entered the river. Old captains in the coasting trade are of the opinion that this kind of vessel will do the carrying business in the near future. When there is a good wind canvass is depended on, but when a calm sets in the engine is set to work and the coaster is turned into a steamer. No time is lost by head payment of mileage to Senators for attend winds and calms, and as the engine is small tempt will be made to dislodge Arabi Pa- and but little coal is needed steaming is inex- the House recede from its disagreement to pensive. Many large schooners already car- that item which was rejected and a furthe ry small engines for use in bandling sails. Three-masted schooners are built on such a large scale in these days that to hoist the mainsail would require a small army of sailors. Steam is cheaper. Steam and sails combined will cheat the tugboats out of many a good job, and this is why the tugmen of the Potomac are not on a happy frame of mind.

Double Murder.

A merchant at Boone's Path, Lee county, Va., sends some facts about a horrible double murder ago, the victims being Ira Dean and son. Two men; named Russell, sons-in-law of Dean, have been arrested for the crime. They gained admission to Dean's house between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock a. m., while Ira Desn, wife, and child were asleep in one bed, and after striking him fatal blows on the head with an axe found on the premises, fracturing his skull and facial bones, the murderers went to an adjoining room, where young Dean was soundly sleeping. The latter also received two blows from the murderous axe, before death relieved him. The father was killed the murderers, but the circumstantial evidence brought out, leaves little doubt as to their guilt. The Russells have been arrested, and will be held for trial, provided the people who demand an immediate investigation, can be pursuaded to

The murdered men are said to have been harmless, inoffensive citizens, and so far as ascertained no cause has been assigned for the murder. - Dispatch to the Richmond Disputch.

STIMULANTS FOR THE SICK .- It is a well-estabished principle that all stimulants are debilitants in the end, that they simply arouse the system to a point of unnatural activity, which must waste vital force, on the same principle that undue haste in any labor produces wasting fatigue and exhaustion. Whenever this abnormal action is secured by alcoholic stimulants, the natural result is a diminished power to resist the encroach-

debility. In the experiment tried in the Bellevue Hospital, New York, of treating the convalescents without stimulants, a larger per cent. recovered than of those of the same ward who continued the

In some cases of illness there is abnormal heat, with a quickened pulse, of course implying an increased labor of the heart. Since it is the legiti mate effect of alcohol to excite, to increase the pulsations and to raise the heat of the body, ot absurb to administer an element of this kind when these symptoms already exist to an unde-sirable extent? If not safe when the powers are low, and also when there is feverishness or indammation-implying too much action-when are stimulants safe? Would not their disuse in sickness tend to discourage their use in health?-Dr. Hanaford, Watchman.

A letter in the Baltimore San from Luray, in speaking of the discussion there on Monday says: Judging from the appearance and general expression of opinion there has been a great revolution in politics in Page. At the first battle of Manassas, when Gen. Early, mistaking the Federal the next Consistory. troops for Confederates, ordered a captain from Warrenton to cease firing, saying they were friends, he replied: "General, they may be your friends, but they are not mine." And this is what the people of Virginia will say in the coming election to Gen. Mahone of his republican friends: They may be his friends; certainly they are not ours. Upon the whole it was a great day for Massey and his cause."

Where It Originated.

Springfield, Tenn., April 12, 1881. H. H. WARNER & Co.: Sirs-A distressing cough, originating from diseased liver, was cured by your Safe Kidney and Liver A. HOPKINS.

The only iron preparation that does not color the teeth, and will not cause headache or constipation, as other iron preparations will, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the exeruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTH-ING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle,

DIED.

At his residence, at Oakwood, Harford county, is observed that a depression of spirits develops the germs of a plague in individuals REESE. His funeral will take place to morrow

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

To-day's Congressional Proceedings.

BENATE. Mr. Conger, from the Committee on Commerce, reported favorably the House bill to regulate the carriage of passengers by sea, and asked its present consideration. He ex-"There is a strange-looking vessellying at plained that the measure avoided the President's objection to the vetoed bill and urged its importance.

The bill was laid over until to-morrow, upon the request of Mr. Hoar, who, desired

As soon as the routine orders of business were disposed of, Mr. Hale moved to postpone all present and prior orders (including the Revenue bill) and to take up the Naval appropriation bill.

A long discussion followed, in which the motion was construed on both sides of the chamber as having the effect to dispose of the subject of revenue and taxation for this ses-

Mr. Van Wyck offered the following Whereas the tariff commission from the headquarters at Long Branch have on two occcasions imploringly appealed to the pub lie for information and no response has been made thereto, and after inviting into its presence, manufacturers, importers and tra ders, it is now wrestling with the serious can relate their experience and explain their theories without taking an oath-duly ad Not a ministered to tell the truth-evidently with

Resolved, that the Att'y General as soon as in his judgment he can prudently with draw his personal attendance from the Sta President and his cabinet that members of ment, be directed to proceed to Long Branch to aid the said commission in deter tion. And he shalladvise, what to him may seem proper to protect the said commission from imposition by men, wise in matters of

Numerous objections to the consideration of th resolution were made simultaneously, and it wen over without action.

HOUSE

Mr. Hiscock, of New York, presented th conference report on the general deficiency appropriation bill, stating that the confer ence committee had been unable to agre upon the only matter in controversy, the ance at the extra session. He moved the conference ordered.

The committee of conference on the legis lative, executive and judiciary appropriation bill, also reported a failure to agree and a new conference was ordered.

The Petersburg Injunction Case.

Petersburg, Va., July 26,-Judge S. S. Weissiger, of the Circuit Court of this city. this morning delivered his decision dissolv ing the application for the injunction asked for in the suit restraining the City Auditor from issuing warrants with which to pay the salaries of the officers elected by the committed two miles from that place two days readjuster Council on July 1, 1882, and the City Treasurer from paying the same.

The Court required the defendants to give a bond in \$25,000 to cover any damage that plaintiffs might suffer until the question who were the legally elected officers of the city should be determined by the Court of Appeals

The War in Egypt.

LONDON, July 26.-The daily News says the statement that Turkey has consented to send troops to Egypt is misleading. The Porte has recognized the appropriateness of supply and dull, at lower figures than for several consents. The market was fairly supplied with Cattle; but few tops were offered; medium in good supply and sold readily at quotations. Calves in good supply and dull, at lower figures than for several consents. the suggestions to send troops, and now instantly. While his wife escaped and gave the larm she was unable to identify the Russells as proposes to discuss the conditions under which they shall be sent; a process which carried out in accordance with Turkish noions of diplomacy might occupy six months.

A dispatch to the Times from Ramleh states that the British have mined the Railway embankment at Ramleh as a precaution against a night attack.

The Markets.

Baltimore, July 26.—Virginia 6s deferred —; do consolidated 60½; do second series 35; past due coupons 62½; new 10.40s 43 bid to-day. Cotton steady; middlings 12¾. Flour steady with more doing; Howard street and Western super \$3 00a3 75; do extra \$4 00a5 25; do family \$5 50a6 50; City Mills super \$3 00a3 75; do extra \$4 00a7 05; do Rio brands \$6 25a6 50; 0.55; do grada family \$7 25; do winter Baltimore, July 26.-Virginia 6s deferred -Baltimore high grade family \$7 25; do winter wheat patent \$7.75. Wheat-Southern easier: western lower and active; Southern red 110a116; sult is a diminished power to resist the encroachments of disease.

We have a right to infer that the use of such stimulants is absurb even in cases of sinking and debility. In the experiment tried in the Bellevue Hospital, New York of treating the convergence.

Hospital, New York of treating the convergence.

S31-384. Ang. S1837. 834a84; Ang S3aS375; Sept S51aS555; Oct S51a bid; Nov S2aS34; Oats quiet; Southern G5a68; Western white 66a67; do mixed 63a65; Penna 65a68. Rye quiet at 85a90. Hay firm prime to choice Penna and Maryland \$17a18 Coffee firm; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 844945. Sugar quiet; A soft 945. Whiskey quiet at \$1.17. NEW YORK, July 26.—Stocks active. Money 3½. Cotton firm; uplands 12¾; Orleans 13. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat heavy, unsettled and ½a1¾c lower. Corn firm and ½a3¼c better.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The crop prospects in Ireland have considerably improved. A wholesale persecution of Gentiles has

been inaugurated in Utah. An accident on the Philadelphia, Wil-

mington and Baltimore R. R. this morning impeded travel for some hours.

Rev. Patrick Freeham, Archbisop of Chicago, will, it is said, be elected Cardinal at A WIFES DECEPTION.-Mary Gallagher

was admitted to the Philadelphia alms house on the 18th of November, 1881, and became a mother on the 3d of February last. On the 24th of February Sophia Lohmyer and Mary Rosenberg appeared at the institution and asked for the custody of the child. They made no concealment of their purpose to use it in deceiving H. W. Lohmyer, husband of Sophia, into the belief that it was his child. By an investigation regarding the giving out of the children at the alms house, this came to light yesterday, and Mr. Lohmyer for the first time discovered that he was not the father. However, he accepts the explanation of his wife, and will care for the little one as if it were really his own. Mrs. Lohmyer says that her husband longed for a child, and it was through her desire to please him that she resorted to the deception of palming off upon him the alms house baby.

A SCULPTOR'S EXPERIENCE WITH THIEVES -Mr. Clark Mills' art foundry has been broken into by thicves several times lately and robbed of valuable portions of castings of statues. One time the thieves carried off General Jackson's coat-tails, again they stole Secretary Chase's coat sleeve, and again they stole Abraham Lincoln's head. To protect his foundry from these invasions Mr. Mills sometime ago set a spring gun on his premises and posted up hand-bills to warn intruders of their danger. During a short visit of Mr. Mills to this city yesterday, on business with the Lincoln Monument So-

ciety, some reckless thief broke into the foundry by making a new entrance near the furnace, and stole the spring gun and also a quantity of lead pipe. - Wash. Star.

MIDHAT PASHA, the famous Turkish minister, who dwells in banishment at Taiffa. occupies a residence which served at one time as the offices of the ex-cherif of Mecca. He is not permitted to leave the house for an hour, though he is permitted to move about freely through it. He is allowed to read the Koran and other religious books printed in Turkish. He is not allowed to write letters. He has obtained permission to explain the Koran to a certain number of children. He who was the grand vizier of the Porte thus amuses himself by teaching.

COMMERCIAL .. Wholesale Prices of Produce, &c., in Alexandria

Flour, fine....... \$4 00 @ 4 25

	L' tout, muci	C. I. Chin	1.44	
•	Superfine	5 00	(at	5 25
T:	Superfine	5 75	(a)	6 25
: :	Family	6 25	(a	6 75
D	Fancy brands	7 50	(a	7 75
	Wheat, Longberry	1 10	(a)	1 12
)-	Polta	1 08		
n	Fultz Mixed		la	1 10
3	Mixed	1 08	la	1 10
	Common to fair	1 00	la	1 05
1-	Corn, white	1 05	tel	1 07
S	Mixed	1 00	(a)	1 02
d	Yellow,	1 00	ia	1 02
r	Corn Meal	1 05	tu	1 10
1-	Rye	0.75	(a	0.85
	Oats	0 65	(a	0.68
h	Butter, prime	0 19	(a)	0 23
m	· Common to middling	0 15	(0)	0 18
		0 13		0 15
	Chickens per dozeu		(a)	3 25
n		2 00	0	
1-	Potatoes, per bushel	0 85	(4	1 00
ır	Onions per bushel	0.85	(a)	0.90
e	Bacon-Hams, country	0 13	(ce	0 14
of	Best sugar cured Hams	0 1614	(ac	0 16
	Butchers' Hams	0 13	(at	0 14
t,	Sides	0 154	(:4	0 15
S-	Shoulders	0 12	(0)	0 123
g	Lard	012	(0	0 13
	Veal Calves	0 5	(a	0 6
r-	Herring, Eastern, per bbl	4 00	(a)	5 50
es	Potomac	6 50	(4	7 00
y		10 00	(0)	10 50
n	Family roe Do. half barrels	5 50	7.00	The state of the s
of			(a)	6 00
	Plaster, ground, per ton	4 50	(0)	5 00
15	Ground in bags	5 75	(0)	6 00
	Lump	3 00	@	0.00
1e	Clover Seed	5 75	(0)	6 00
at	Timothy	3 00	@	3 10
	Salt-G. A. (Liverpool)	0.90	@	0 95
	Fine	1 50	@	1 55
	Turk's Island	0.50	(a)	0 60
ie	Wool-Long unwashed	0 26	(a)	0 27
y	Washed	0 36	(a	0 37
r-	Merino, unwashed	0 24	(0)	0.25
	Do. Washed	0 36	(a)	0 37
e.	Sumae	0.75	(a)	0.00
e	Hay	17 00	(a)	19 00
1-	Cut do	22 00	a	24 00
t	Wheat Bran	19 00	(a)	20 00
0	Brown Middlings	25 00	a	27 00
	White Middlings	27 00	00	29 00
er	Cotton Seed Meal		\sim	
	Cotton Seed Meal	0.05	@	34 00
s-	Cotton Seed Oil, per gal		(a)	0.75
m	Flour is dull and quiet. 7	The feelin	gi	n Whes
a	is a shade firmer since ye		170	ere wer

offerings to-day of 6,600 bushels and sales at 105 a109 for Fultz and 109a110 for Lancaster, there being no strictly choice offered. Corn keeps up and 1,214 bushels sold at 105, and choice lots will bring better prices. Small lots of Rye sold at 78a 80, and Oats at 68. Country produce is wanted at quotations.

CATTLE MARKETS.

ALEXANDRIA CATTLE MARKET, July 26, 1882. Prices to-day ranged as follows:

ı	Cattle-very best 6			
ı	Good 5	1,	a t	6
ı	Medium or fair quality5	7	a	51
	Ordinary thin Stoots Oven and Come 4		:	-
Ì	Calves 4	1	0	7, 1,
I	Sheep 4			1 1,
I	Lambs		0 1	:1
I	Hogs 10	0 :	11	1
ı	Cows and Calves 25a\$45.			

weeks past. Sheep dull and nominal. dull for common; good in fair demand with but few offered. Hogs high and nominal. Cows and Calves in fair supply and good demand for prime ones; common dull and hard to sell.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, July 26,-Beeves. Nothing doing in live Cattle, the feeling somewhat unsettled, and slaughterers are indisposed to speculate. Dressed Beef ruled dull at 6a8c per lb for Texas sides, and at 9a1216c for native do.

Calves.—Slow sales at 546a84c per 1b for Veals and 3a446c for grassers and buttermilk Calves.

Sheep and Lambs.—Too many in market; prices dropped \$\frac{1}{2}a^4\text{Se} per lb. Poor to prime Sheep sold at \$3 50a5 60 per 100 lbs; Lambs at \$4 75a6 50, including fair to good Lambs from Virginia at \$5 75a6 25.

Hogs.-Very quiet feeling; nominal extremes \$7 30 to \$8 70 per 100 lbs.

GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET, July 26 .- Offerings consisted of 400 Cattle, 1200 Sheep and Lambs and 25 Cows and Calves, with sales of Catthe at Ga64gc for best to choice; 3a5c for common to good; Sheep 3a44gc; Lambs 4a64gc per lb; Cows and Calves 20a\$45. Cattle market opened dull and continued sluggish to the close at a decline of ¹4a ¹5c on all grades; about 150 head left over unsold. Sheep and Lamb market fairly active at about last week's prices. Good milch Cows in demand, while common are dull and hard to sell

MARINE NEWS. PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JULY 26, 1882. Sun rises...... 4 58 | Sun sets...... 7 11

ARRIVED. Str Lady of the Lake, Norfk, to F A Reed & Co. Str Mattano, lower Potomac, to John Lannon. Schr Sallie Francis, Baltimore, to W A Smoot &

Schr Emma H Drummond, Wilmington, Del. to Potomac Manufacturing Co. Schr Bee, Philadelphia, to W A Smoot & Co. SAILED

Str Lady of the Lake, Norfk, by F A Reed & Co. Schr South Shore, Richmond, by F A Reed & Co. Schr Alice Curtis, Baltimore, by W A Moore. Schr Rising Sun, James River, by W A Smoot &

Schr B Bradley, Elkton, Md, by W A Smoot &

Schr A Tyler, Norfolk, by W A Smoot & Co. Schr Irene, Nomini, by W A Smoot & Co. Schr Annie S Gaskell, York River, by W A

ARRIVED AT WASHINGTON. Schrs Mount Pleasant and Bertha Reeder, lumber, Norfolk; Susan Ellen, coal, Havre de Grace; barges Augusta and Wm T Gouldsburrow, coal, Philadelphia; E T Woody, coal, Cumberland; Geo

Edwards, lumber, Baltimore. MEMORANDA Schr Clara M Goodwin, from Richmond, at New

York 25th Schr Laura C Messer, from Richmond, at Boston 25th. Schr Addie Fuller, from Farmingdale for Wash

ington, at Vineyard Haven 24th. CHAMOIS SKINS .- A choice lot of large Chamois Skins for making Ladies' Gloves at J. D. H. LUNT'S.

Cor. King and Washington sts. PRESERVING KETTLES—A full stock of these goods now in store of Bell Metal, Brass and Porcelain-lined. JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS. 63 King street, Alexandria, Va. jy21

CRACKED CORN! CRACKED CORN!-The best and most nutritious horse feed. Manufactured only by CHAS. S. TAYLOR, Jr.

COTTON SEED MEAL, the best stock feed; also a good fertilizer. For sale by CHAS, S. TAYLOR, Jr., 21 King street.

GENUINE ENGLISH GRASS AND GRAIN SCYTHES, GRASS HOOKS, &c., at JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS', 63 King street.

DOTOMAC HERRINGS. NO. 1 POTOMAC HERRINGS.

POTOMAC ROE HERRINGS. For sale by [je27] THOMAS PERRY

SMALL HAMS.—Five Tierces Small Hams just received by [je26] J. C. MILBURN.